

Water Quality Goals for the Cedar-Isles Master Plan

Final Draft: July 21, 2022

Water quality concerns surfaced as a top priority for the Cedar Lake – Lake of the Isles Master Plan Community Advisory Committee (CAC) during Phase I of master plan development. In response to this top priority, a water quality subcommittee, comprised of nearly half of the CAC members, was formed to better understand the current water quality conditions and trends in both lakes and outline metric-based water quality goals and objectives at the park master plan scale as well as lake management and watershed planning scales.

Based on presentations by the water quality consultants of the MPRB and discussions during the water quality subcommittee meetings, CAC members recommend renewal of the rigorous water quality goals established during the Clean Water Partnership by MPRB, Minnehaha Creek Watershed District, and Cities of Minneapolis and St. Louis Park (1989-2001), and adapt water quality strategies to current water quality trends and the effects of climate change including more intense and frequent precipitation patterns, higher water temperatures, lake stratification, and altered ice-cover/open water dynamics. The subcommittee also recommends park-specific water quality goals to minimize the impacts of paved surfaces, erosion, turf and other human-interventions within the parkland on lake health. Finally, the subcommittee recognizes the significant role of land use and practices, imperviousness, and underground stormwater conveyance systems has on our lakes' health and is proposing watershed goals to reduce stormwater volumes and pollutant loading from the areas draining to each lake.

Lake Management Plan-Level Goals

Goal: Manage Lake of the Isles as an ecologically healthy, shallow lake

- **maintain phosphorus levels below 40 micrograms per Liter (ug/L)**
- **establish and maintain diverse native and adapted, non-invasive aquatic plants**
- **establish and maintain aquatic food web**
- **prevent harmful blue-green algae blooms**

Objective: develop lake management plan for Lake of the Isles to assess lake health and the drivers of water quality and manage in-lake nutrients, littoral zone, and shoreline.

Goal: Manage Cedar Lake as an ecologically healthy, deep lake

- **phosphorus levels should be below 25 micrograms per liter (ug/L)**
- **establish and maintain diverse native and adapted, non-invasive aquatic plants**
- **establish and maintain an aquatic food web**
- **prevent harmful blue-green algae blooms**

Objective: develop lake management plan for Cedar Lake to assess lake health and the drivers of water quality and manage in-lake nutrients, littoral zone, and shoreline.

Park Master Plan Lake Goals

Goal: Address stormwater runoff from all hard surfaces on parkland

- Treat stormwater runoff from paved surfaces on parkland including parkways and parking lots before it runs into the lake
- Limit paved surfaces and, where appropriate, convert it to pervious
- Perform enhanced sweeping of all paved surfaces on park property
- Restore soil health, including restoring compacted soil that currently provides limited infiltration
- Eliminate exposed soil on park land except established beaches and turtle nesting areas

Goal: Reduce chloride, trash, sediment and other pollutants from entering the lakes

- Reduce chloride (salt) use through continuing to condense maintained paths within the winter networks
- Minimize to the extent practical, use of chloride-based de-icing materials on hard surfaces within the park
- Provide education to staff and the public around the impacts of chloride and training on the best practices and timing for deicing application
- Perform enhanced sweeping of all paved surfaces on park property to remove trash, leaves, sediment and other pollutants

Goal: Maintain and stabilize shoreline with native vegetation in all areas except for formal access points and identified viewsheds

- Establish a naturalized lake buffer with a minimum height of one foot in all areas where water and land access is not needed. (above shoreline)
- Naturalize the littoral fringe with emergent vegetation in all areas where lake access is not needed (below shore)
- Reduce sedimentation into the lake from adjacent erosion and runoff by ensuring park soils and slopes remain stabilized and vegetated
- Formalize the location of water access points and ensure they are clearly identified

Goal: Maximize and restore habitat (terrestrial and aquatic) to improve health of the lake and have spaces for wildlife

- Restore and improve natural areas that have no interaction with park visitors (ie islands at LOI) to higher functioning plant communities for improved wildlife habitat
- Restore and improve natural areas that interact with park visitors (ie NE forest at Cedar Lake) to higher functioning plant communities
- Consider fisheries sampling to routinely determine the Fish-based Index of Biological Integrity (F-IBI)
- Determine target wildlife species for each lake and develop biological monitoring program
- Reestablish native and adapted rooted aquatic vegetation communities
- Control invasive aquatic plant species including watermilfoil and curlyleaf pondweed to improve water quality and maintain recreational access

Goal: Continue to meet state aquatic recreation standards at Cedar Lake and Lake of the Isles

- Reduce water quality impacts from pets, geese and anthropogenic sources

Watershed Goals

- **Goal: Utilize the water quality focused Cedar-Isles Master Plan with specific measurable goals, objectives and outcomes as an MPRB case study on how to track and evaluate implementation of park master plan**
- **Goal: Formalize a committee with regional community and agency representation to continue monitoring and developing rapid solutions for water quality and quantity in the face of a changing climate**
- **Goal: Reinvigorate the partners of the Clean Water Partnership (CPW) and renew efforts to meet the CWP goals and assist the MPRB achieve the lake water quality goals defined in this master plan**
 - Establish new regulatory controls aimed at eliminating the introduction of pollutants into water bodies
 - Monitor and evaluate existing watershed infrastructure to ensure it's still working
 - Reduce all pollutants (chloride, phosphorous, trash, and sediment) from entering each lake
 - Conduct watershed water quality and quantity modeling study to determine priority areas for reducing stormwater volumes and pollutant loading and identify new opportunities and locations to implement stormwater management strategies
- **Goal: Achieve broad community knowledge and understanding about the health of each lake, the factors impacting lake health and ways they can help protect the lakes**